

**Constitution of *NEW*  
*ASSOCIATION* Incorporated  
X / 2024**

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## 1. NAME OF THE ASSOCIATION

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The name of the incorporated association is **New Association Inc.**

## 2. DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATIONS

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### 2.1 Definitions

In this Constitution unless the context requires otherwise:

**Act** means the *Associations Incorporation Act 2015 (WA)*.

**AGM** or **Annual General Meeting** means the Annual General Meeting of the Association required to be held by the Association in each calendar year.

**Annual Subscription** means the annual fees payable by each category of Members as determined by the Board under **clause 9(a)**.

**Appointed Director** means a Director appointed under **clause 19**.

**Board** or **Directors** means the body consisting of the Directors under **clause 17.1**.

**Chair** means the person elected under **clause 22.6**.

**Committee** means a committee established by the Board under **clause 24**.

**Community Junior Cricket Council** means the Council that previously oversaw community junior cricket in the Perth metropolitan area prior to their dissolution.

**Constitution** means this constitution as amended from time to time, and a reference to a particular clause is a reference to a clause of this constitution.

**Director** means a director of the Association and includes Elected Directors and Appointed Directors.

**Elected Director** means a Director of the Association elected under **clause 18**.

**Financial Year** means the year commencing **1<sup>st</sup> July** in any calendar year.

**General Meeting** means a General Meeting of Members and includes the AGM and any Special General Meeting.

**Initial Member** means a member of the Association under **clause 7.4**.

**Intellectual Property** means all rights subsisting in copyright, business names, names, trademarks (or signs), logos, designs, equipment including computer software, images (including photographs, videos or films) or service marks relating to the Association or any activity of or conducted, promoted or administered by the Association.

**Junior Cricket Association** means the Association that previously oversaw community junior cricket within their geographic region and was affiliated to the Community Junior Cricket Council immediately prior to their dissolution.

**Life Member** means a Member admitted to the Association under **clause 7.3**.

**Member** means a member of the Association under **clause 7**.

**Objects** means the objects of the Association in **clause 3.1**.

**Perth Metropolitan Area** means the geographical area as defined by the Perth Greater Capital City Statistical Area (Greater Perth).

**Policy** mean a policy made under **clause 25**

**Register** means the register of Members kept in accordance with **clause 10.1**.

**Representative** means a person appointed in accordance with this Constitution to represent a Voting Member at a General Meeting of the Association.

**Special General Meeting** means a General Meeting other than an Annual General Meeting.

**Special Resolution** has the same meaning as that given to it in the Act.

**Voting Member** means those Members of the Association entitled to vote in General Meeting as set out under **clause 7.2**.

**WA Cricket** means the Western Australian Cricket Association Incorporated

## 2.2 Interpretation

In this Constitution unless the context requires otherwise:

- (a) a reference to a function includes a reference to a power, authority and duty;
- (b) a reference to the exercise of a function includes, where the function is a power, authority or duty, a reference to the exercise of the power or authority of the performance of the duty;
- (c) words purporting the singular include the plural and vice versa;
- (d) words purporting any gender include the other genders;
- (e) references to persons include corporations and bodies politic;
- (f) references to a person includes a natural person, partnership, body corporate, association, joint venture, governmental or local authority, and any other body or entity whether incorporated or not.
- (g) a reference to a statute, ordinance, code or other law includes regulations and other statutory instruments under it and consolidations, amendments, re-enactments or replacements of any of them (whether of the same or any legislative authority having jurisdiction); and
- (h) a reference to "writing" shall unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photography and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form, including messages sent by electronic mail.

## 2.3 Severance

If any provision of this Constitution or any phrase contained in it is invalid or unenforceable, the phrase or provision is to be read down if possible, so as to be valid and enforceable, and otherwise shall be severed to the extent of the invalidity or unenforceability, without affecting the remaining provisions of this Constitution.

## **2.4 The Act**

- (a) In this Constitution, unless the context requires otherwise, an expression has, in a provision of this Constitution that deals with a matter dealt with by a particular provision of the Act, the same meaning as in that provision of the Act.
- (b) The model rules created under the Act are displaced by this Constitution and accordingly do not apply to the Association.

## **3. OBJECTS**

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### **3.1 Objects**

The Association is established solely for the Objects. The Objects of the Association are to:

- (a) oversee the governance, administration and development of community junior cricket competitions in the Perth metropolitan area.
- (b) inform the development of the strategy for community junior cricket in the Perth metropolitan area, taking a best practice view.
- (c) focus strategically on the community junior cricket environment to positively impact the acquisition, retention and transition of participants, including coaches, umpires, administrators and volunteers.
- (d) support the strategy to build and maintain the profile of community junior cricket across the Perth metropolitan area and in particular within community junior cricket clubs.
- (e) support, develop and enhance relationships between all stakeholders across the Perth metropolitan area.
- (f) support strategies to increase the diversity of community junior cricket participants, coaches, umpires, administrators and Board/committee members across the Perth metropolitan area.
- (g) actively encourage members to participate in the attainment of these Objects.

## **4. POWERS OF THE ASSOCIATION**

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The Association has all the powers of an incorporated association under the Act.

The Association may only use its powers to do:

- a) anything it considers will advance or achieve the Objects; and
- b) all other things that are incidental to carrying out the Objects.

## **5. NOT FOR PROFIT**

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### **5.1 Sole Purpose**

The income and property of the Association must be applied solely towards the

promotion of the Objects of the Association.

## **5.2 Payments to Members**

No part of the income or property of the Association may be paid or otherwise distributed, directly or indirectly, to any Member except for payments to a Member in good faith in the promotion of the Objects as follows:

- (a) in return for any services rendered or goods supplied in the ordinary and usual course of business to the Association; or
- (b) of interest at a rate not exceeding current bank overdraft rates of interest for moneys lent; or
- (c) of reasonable rent for premises let by them to the Association.

## **6. STATUS AND COMPLIANCE OF ASSOCIATION**

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### **6.1 Recognition of Association**

The Association is a recognised affiliate of WA Cricket and is the entity responsible for the administration of community junior cricket in the Perth metropolitan area.

### **6.2 WA Cricket**

The Association must not resign, disaffiliate or otherwise seek to withdraw from WA Cricket, without approval by Special Resolution of the Voting Members of the Association. .

### **6.3 Amendment of the Constitution**

No addition, alteration or amendment shall be made to this Constitution unless the same has been approved by Special Resolution.

## **7. MEMBERSHIP**

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### **7.1 Minimum number of Members**

The Association must have at least 6 Voting Members.

### **7.2 Categories of Members**

The Members of the Association shall consist of:

- (a) Ordinary Members, who subject to this Constitution shall have the right to receive notice of General Meetings and to be present, speak and vote at General Meetings;
- (b) Life Members, who subject to this Constitution, shall have the right to receive notice of General Meetings and to be present and speak, but have no right to vote at General Meetings;
- (c) such new or other categories of Members as may be established by the Board. Any new category of Member established by the Board must be granted the right to receive notice of and be present at General Meetings, but cannot be granted voting rights without the approval of the Association in



General Meeting.

### 7.3 Life Membership

- (a) Life membership is the highest honour that can be bestowed by the Association for longstanding and valued service to community junior cricket.
- (b) Any Member may forward a proposed nomination to the Board in accordance with the Life Member policy for consideration.
- (c) The Board may recommend to the Annual General Meeting that any natural person who has rendered service to the Association (as prescribed in the Life Member policy) be appointed as a Life Member.
- (d) A resolution of the Annual General Meeting to confer Life Membership (subject to **clause 7.3(c)**) on the recommendation of the Board must be a Special Resolution.
- (e) A person must accept or reject the Association's resolution to confer Life Membership. Upon acceptance, the person's details shall be entered upon the Register, and from the time of entry on the Register the person shall be a Life Member.

### 7.4 Initial Members

- (a) As at the date of the adoption of this Constitution, the following members are recognised as the Initial Members of the **New Association**.
  - (i) Any club who was recognised as a member of a Junior Cricket Association immediately prior to that Junior Cricket Association's dissolution.
  - (ii) Any person who was recognised as a life member of a Junior Cricket Association, or the Community Junior Cricket Council, immediately prior to that Junior Cricket Association's or Community Junior Cricket Council's dissolution.

### 7.5 Application for Membership

- (a) Subject to this Constitution, to be eligible for membership as a Member, except as a Life Member which is governed by **clause 7.3**, the applicant must be an incorporated junior cricket club, or cricket club with a dedicated junior community playing pathway within the Perth metropolitan area, and meet any other criteria set by the Board from time to time.
- (b) Subject to this Constitution or any procedures set by the Board from time to time, an application for membership as a Member except a Life Member must be:
  - (i) in writing on the form prescribed from time to time by the Board (if

any), from the applicant or their nominated representative and lodged with the Association; and

- (ii) accompanied by the appropriate fee (if any) as established through **clause 9**.

#### **7.6 Discretion to Accept or Reject Application**

(a) The Board may accept or reject an application, irrespective of whether:

- (i) the applicant is a new applicant making an application under **clause 7.5** or an expiring Member renewing under **clause 7.7**; or

- (ii) the applicant has complied with the requirements in **clause 7.5** or not.

The Board is not required or compelled to provide any reason for such acceptance or rejection.

- (b) Where the Board accepts an application, the applicant shall become a Member. Membership shall be deemed to commence upon acceptance of the application by the Board. The Register shall be amended accordingly as soon as practicable.
- (c) Where the Board rejects an application, it shall refund any fees forwarded with the application and the application shall be deemed rejected by the Association.
- (d) Where the Board rejects an application for membership, whether a new application or a renewal application, the applicant may appeal the decision following the grievance procedure in **clause 13**.

#### **7.7 Renewal of Membership**

- (a) Membership of the Association (other than Life Membership) expires annually at the conclusion of each Financial Year.
- (b) Membership of the Association will be renewed each Financial Year in accordance with the procedures set down by the Board from time to time.
- (c) The Board may accept or reject a renewal of membership in accordance with **clause 7.6**.
- (d) Upon renewal, a Member must provide details of any change in their details including contact information, and any other information reasonably required by the Board.

#### **7.8 General**

- (a) No Member whose membership ceases has any claim against the Association or the Directors for damages or otherwise arising from cessation or termination of membership.
- (b) No Member shall, or purport to, assign the rights comprising or associated with membership to any other person and any attempt to do so shall be void.

- (c) Members must treat all staff, contractors and representatives of the Association and all other Members with respect and courtesy at all times.
- (d) Members must not act in a manner unbecoming of a Member or prejudicial to the Objects and/or interests of the Association or Cricket.

## **7.9 Limited Liability**

Members have no liability except as set out in **clause 29(a)**.

## **8. EFFECT OF MEMBERSHIP**

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Members acknowledge and agree that:

- (a) this Constitution constitutes a contract between each of them and the Association and that they are bound by this Constitution and policies of the Association.
- (b) they shall comply with and observe this Constitution and any determination, resolution or policy which may be made or passed by the Board or any duly authorised committee;
- (c) by submitting to this Constitution and the policies of the Association they are subject to the jurisdiction of the Association;
- (d) this Constitution is made in pursuit of a common purpose, namely for the mutual and collective benefit of the Association, the Members and WA Cricket;
- (e) this Constitution and policies of the Association are necessary and reasonable for promoting the Objects and particularly the advancement and protection of WA Cricket;
- (f) neither membership of the Association nor this Constitution gives rise to:
  - (i) any proprietary right of Members in, to or over the Association or its property or assets;
  - (ii) any automatic right of a Member to renewal of their membership of the Association;
  - (iii) subject to the Act and the Association acting in good faith, the right of Members to natural justice unless expressly provided for in this Constitution; and
- (g) they are entitled to all benefits, advantages, privileges and services of Association membership.

## **9. FEES AND SUBSCRIPTIONS**

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- (a) The Directors must determine from time to time:
  - (i) the amount (if any) payable by an applicant for membership;
  - (ii) the amount of the annual membership fee payable by each Member, or any category of Members;

- (iii) any other amount to be paid by each Member, or any category of Members, whether of a recurrent or any other nature; and
  - (iv) the payment method and due date for payment.
- (b) The Board is empowered to prevent any Member whose Annual Subscription or any other fees are in arrears from exercising the whole or any of the rights or privileges of membership of the Association, including but not limited to the right to vote at General Meetings.

## **10. REGISTERS**

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### **10.1 Association to Keep Register**

The Association shall keep and maintain a Register in accordance with the Act in which shall be entered (as a minimum):

- (a) the full name, one or more of the residential or postal or email address, category of membership, and date of entry of each Member including Life Members;
- (b) the full name, one or more of the residential or postal or email address and date of entry to office of each Director, person who is authorised to use the common seal of the Association and any person appointed to act as trustee on behalf of the Association; and
- (c) where applicable, the date of termination of membership of any Member.

Members, Directors and any person referenced in this **clause 10.1** shall provide notice of any change and required details to the Association within 28 days of such change.

### **10.2 Inspection of Register**

- (a) Having regard to the Act and subject to this **clause 10.2**, the Register shall be available for inspection and copying by Members, upon reasonable request to the Board. A Member may also in writing request the Board provide the Member with a copy of the Register.
- (b) Where a Member wishes to copy, or wishes to receive a copy, of the Register, the Member must first provide to the Board a statutory declaration setting out the purpose for which the copy is required and declaring the purpose is connected with the affairs of the Association.
- (c) Subject to the Act, the Board may determine a reasonable charge for the cost of complying with a request under **clause 10.2(a)**.

### **10.3 Use of Register**

Subject to the Act, confidentiality considerations and privacy laws:

- (a) the Board may use the Register to further the Objects, in such manner as the Board considers appropriate; and
- (b) a Member must only use or disclose information in the Register for a purpose that is directly connected with the affairs of the Association or that is related to the administration of the Act.

## **11. DISCONTINUANCE OF MEMBERSHIP**

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### **11.1 Notice of Resignation**

Any Member who has paid all monies due and payable to the Association may resign from the Association by giving thirty days' notice in writing to the Board of such intention to resign. Upon the expiration of that period of notice, the Member shall cease to be a member.

### **11.2 Expiration of Notice Period**

Upon the expiration of a notice given under **clause 11.1**, an entry, recording the date on which the Member who gave notice ceased to be a Member, shall be recorded in the Register.

### **11.3 Resignation by failure to pay subscription**

- (a) Subject to **clause 11.4**, a Member is taken to have resigned if:
  - (i) the Member's Annual Subscription is outstanding more than one month after the due date determined by the Board in accordance with **clause 9(a)(iv)**; or
  - (ii) if no Annual Subscription is payable:
    - (A) the Board has made a written request to the Member to confirm that he or she wishes to remain a Member; and
    - (B) the Member has not, within one month after receiving that request, confirmed in writing that he or she wishes to remain a Member.
- (b) Should a sufficient explanation be made to the Board for the failure to pay subscription or reason for not responding to a request, the Board shall have the power to restore the Membership upon payment of the amount due (if any).

### **11.4 Forfeiture of Rights**

A Member who ceases to be a Member, for whatever reason, shall forfeit all right in and claim upon the Association and its property.

## **12. DISCIPLINE OF MEMBERS**

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### **12.1 Establishing a Disciplinary Committee**

Where the Board is advised of an allegation (not being vexatious, trifling or frivolous) or considers that a Member has allegedly:

- (a) breached, failed, refused or neglected to comply with a provision of this Constitution, the policies or any resolution or determination of the Board or any duly authorised Committee; or
- (b) acted in a manner unbecoming of a Member or prejudicial to the Objects and the interests of the Association and/or WA Cricket, or another Member; or
- (c) brought themselves, another Member, the Association or WA Cricket into disrepute,

the Board may by resolution and in accordance with **clause 24**, establish a disciplinary Committee to convene to hear a matter against any Member and to determine what action, if any, to take against that Member (**Disciplinary Hearing**), and that Member, will be subject to, and submits unreservedly to the jurisdiction, disciplinary procedures and penalties and the appeal mechanisms (if any) in this Constitution.

### **12.2 Provisional Suspension**

- (a) Upon establishing a disciplinary Committee in accordance with **clause 12.1** the Board may by resolution provisionally suspend the Member subject to the Disciplinary Hearing until such time as the disciplinary Committee makes a finding.
- (b) The disciplinary Committee may lift a provisional suspension prior to making a finding at the Disciplinary Hearing.

### **12.3 Disciplinary Committee Members**

The members of the disciplinary Committee:

- (a) may be Members or anyone else; but
- (b) must not be biased against, or in favour of, the Member concerned.

### **12.4 Notice of Alleged Breach**

Where a disciplinary Committee is established the Association shall serve on the Member not earlier than 28 days and not later than 14 days before the Disciplinary Hearing is to be held, a notice in writing:

- (a) setting out the alleged breach of the Member and the grounds on which it is based;
- (b) stating that the Member may address the disciplinary Committee at the Disciplinary Hearing;
- (c) stating the date, place and time of that Disciplinary Hearing; and
- (d) informing the Member that he or she may do one or more of the following:

- (i) attend that Disciplinary Hearing; and
- (ii) give the disciplinary Committee prior to or at that meeting a written statement regarding the alleged breach.

### **12.5 Determination of Disciplinary Committee**

- (a) The disciplinary Committee shall ensure that the Disciplinary Hearing accords with the principles of natural justice by ensuring that:
  - (i) the Member has the opportunity to be heard and to call witnesses; and
  - (ii) due consideration is given to any written statement submitted by the Member or a witness,before determining whether the alleged breach occurred.
- (b) If the disciplinary Committee determines there was a breach under **clause 12.1**, it will determine what penalty (if any) shall be given to the Member, and give notice of this to the Board.
- (c) The penalties able to be given to the Member by the disciplinary Committee include:
  - (i) expel a Member from the Association; or
  - (ii) suspend a Member from membership of the Association or accessing certain privileges of membership for a specified period; or
  - (iii) fine a Member; or
  - (iv) impose such other penalty, action or educative process as the disciplinary Committee sees fit.

### **12.6 Appeal**

- (a) Subject to **clause 12.6(b)**, an appeal tribunal may be appointed by the Board to hear and adjudicate on any appeal lodged by a Member against the decision of the disciplinary Committee.
- (b) An appeal may only be lodged by a party directly affected by a decision and where such an appeal is based on the ground that new information or evidence can be presented that was not available at the time of the original decision being appealed against.

### **12.7 Appeal Tribunal**

- (a) The Board will appoint an appeal tribunal to determine an appeal lodged in accordance with the provisions of **clause 12.6**. The composition of an appeal tribunal shall be:
  - (i) an individual with legal training or experience in dispute resolution; or
  - (ii) a panel of 2 or 3 persons deemed suitable by the Board including a chair appointed with legal training or experience in dispute resolution.

- (b) No member of the appeal tribunal under **clauses 12.7(a)** may have been a party to or directly interested in the decision under appeal or the original matter brought for determination.

## **12.8 Appeals Process**

- (a) A request for an appeal against a decision of the disciplinary committee must be forwarded to the Board in writing within 7 days of the relevant party being given notice of the disciplinary Committee decision.
- (b) The lodgement of appeal must be accompanied by payment of an appeal fee as determined by the Board. The fee shall be fully refundable if the appeal is successful.
- (c) The Board shall determine whether the appeal falls within the grounds for appeal under **clause 12.6(b)**. If satisfied, an appeal tribunal will be appointed within 7 days of formal lodgement of the appeal.
- (d) The appeal tribunal will schedule a date and venue for a hearing as soon as possible and no later than 21 days after formal lodgement of the appeal.
- (e) If, as the circumstances may be, all parties are unable to be present at an appeal hearing, they may participate by teleconference or other medium as determined appropriate at the discretion of the appeal tribunal.
- (f) The parties will be advised of the grounds for appeal and invited to lodge written submissions which must be received no later than 2 business days prior to the scheduled appeal hearing. All written submissions will be distributed to all parties and the appeal tribunal in a timely manner prior to the hearing.
- (g) The appeal tribunal will consider the appeal in accordance with the principles of a natural justice as broadly outlined in **clause 12.5**.
- (h) The appeal tribunal may adjourn a hearing to obtain further information or evidence.
- (i) At the conclusion of the hearing the appeal tribunal shall:
  - (i) uphold the appeal and rescind the original decision; or
  - (ii) dismiss the appeal; or
  - (iii) dismiss the appeal and review the penalty within the provisions of **clause 12.5(c)**.
- (j) The decision of the appeal tribunal shall be final.
- (k) The appeal tribunal must forward to the Board a written report outlining their determination of the matter.

## **13. GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE**

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- (a) The grievance procedure set out in this clause applies to disputes under this Constitution between a Member or an applicant for membership and:



- (i) another Member or Members; or
  - (ii) the Association.
- (b) The parties to the dispute must meet (which may, if agreed by the parties, take place by using any technology that allows the parties to clearly and simultaneously communicate with each other) and discuss the matter in dispute, and, if possible, resolve the dispute within 14 days after the dispute comes to the attention of all parties.
- ~~(c)~~ If the parties are unable to resolve the dispute at the meeting or if a party fails to attend that meeting, then the parties may, seek to resolve the dispute in accordance with the Act or otherwise at law
- (d) The Board may prescribe additional grievance procedures in Association policies consistent with this **clause 13**.

## **14. GENERAL MEETINGS**

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### **14.1 Annual General Meeting**

AGMs of the Association are to be held:

- (a) according to the Act, including at least once in each calendar year; and
- (b) otherwise as determined by the Directors (including date and venue).

### **14.2 Power to convene General Meeting**

- (a) The Directors may convene a General Meeting when they think fit and must do so if required by the Act.
- (b) The Directors must, on the requisition in writing of at least 15% of the Voting Members as defined in clause 7.2, convene a General Meeting.

### **14.3 Notice of General Meeting**

- (a) Notice of a General Meeting of Members must be given:
  - (i) to all Members, the Directors, and the auditor of the Association; and
  - (ii) in accordance with **clause 28** and the Act.
- (b) At least 45 days prior to the proposed date of the AGM, the Board will request from Voting Members notices of motions, which must be received no less than 28 days prior to the AGM.
- (c) At least 21 days' notice of the time and place of a General Meeting must be given, together with:
  - (i) all information required to be included in accordance with the Act;

- (ii) in the case of a proposed Special Resolution, the intention to propose the Special Resolution and the terms of the proposed Special Resolution;
- (iii) where applicable, any notice of motion received from any Voting Member or Director; and
- (iv) where applicable, a list of all nominations received for positions to be elected at the relevant General Meeting.

#### **14.4 No other business**

No business other than that stated in the notice of meeting may be transacted at a General Meeting.

#### **14.5 Cancellation or postponement of General Meeting**

Where a General Meeting (including an AGM) is convened by the Directors they may, if they think fit, cancel the meeting or postpone the meeting to a date and time they determine. However, this clause does not apply to a General Meeting convened by:

- (a) Voting Members according to the Act;
- (b) the Directors at the request of Members;
- (c) the Directors at the request of the Department of Energy, Mines, Industry Regulation & Safety; or
- (d) a Court.

#### **14.6 Written notice of cancellation or postponement of General Meeting**

Notice of the cancellation or postponement of a General Meeting must state the reasons for doing so and be given to:

- (a) each Member; and
- (b) each other person entitled to notice of a General Meeting under this Constitution or the Act,

at least 7 days prior to the date of the General Meeting.

#### **14.7 Contents of notice postponing General Meeting**

A notice postponing a General Meeting must specify:

- (a) the new date and time for the meeting;
- (b) the place where the meeting is to be held, which may be either the same as or different from the place specified in the notice originally convening the meeting; and
- (c) if the meeting is to be held in 2 or more places, the technology that will be used to hold the meeting in that manner.

#### **14.8 Number of clear days for postponement of General Meeting**

The number of clear days from the giving of a notice postponing a General Meeting to the date specified in that notice for the postponed meeting must not be less than the number of clear days' notice of that General Meeting required to be given by **clause 14.6**.

#### **14.9 Business at postponed General Meeting**

The only business that may be transacted at a postponed General Meeting is the business specified in the notice originally convening the meeting.

#### **14.10 Non-receipt of notice**

The non-receipt of a notice convening, cancelling or postponing a General Meeting by, or the accidental omission to give a notice of that kind to, a person entitled to receive it, does not invalidate any resolution passed at the General Meeting or at a postponed meeting or the cancellation or postponement of the meeting.

#### **14.11 Appointment of representative.**

A Voting Member is required to appoint an individual as their Representative to attend General Meetings, and to exercise the powers of the Voting Member as prescribed in this Constitution.

- (a) The President of a Voting Member shall be the appointed representative unless an alternative appointment is made in accordance with **clause 14.11 (a) (i)**.
  - (i) A Voting Member may nominate an alternative representative in writing to the Association a minimum of 48 hours prior to a General Meeting at which a Voting Member is entitled to attend.
  - (ii) No natural person may hold more than one vote at a General Meeting of the Association.
- (b) For the avoidance of doubt, Directors of the Association are not permitted to act as the Representative of any Voting Member in General Meeting of the Association.

#### **14.12 No proxy voting**

Proxy voting is not permitted at General Meetings of the Association.

#### **14.13 Postal voting**

Postal voting or voting by electronic communication at General Meetings of the Association may be permitted from time to time in such instances as the Directors may determine and shall be conducted in accordance with procedures prescribed by the Directors.

### **15. PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETING**

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#### **15.1 Number for a quorum**

The number of Voting Members who must be present and eligible to vote for a

quorum to exist at a General Meeting is a minimum of 15% of Voting Members as defined in **clause 7.2**.

### **15.2 Requirement for a quorum**

An item of business may not be transacted at a General Meeting unless a quorum is present and remains throughout the General Meeting.

### **15.3 Quorum and time – Special General Meetings**

If within 30 minutes after the time appointed for a Special General Meeting, or at any other time during the meeting, a quorum is not present, the meeting:

- (a) if convened by, or on requisition of, Members is dissolved; and
- (b) in any other case stands adjourned to such other day, time and place as the chair determines.

### **15.4 Quorum and time – AGMs**

- (a) If within 30 minutes after the time appointed for an AGM, or at any other time during the meeting, a quorum is not present, the AGM stands adjourned to such other day, time and place as the chair determines.
- (b) Where an AGM has been adjourned under **clause 15.4(a)**, such Voting Members as are represented by their appointed, authorised representative on the adjourned date shall constitute a quorum.

### **15.5 Chair to preside over General Meetings**

- (a) The Chair is entitled to preside as chair at General Meetings.
- (b) If a General Meeting is convened and there is no Chair, or the Chair is not present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for the meeting or is unable or unwilling to act, the following may preside as chair (in order of entitlement):
  - (i) a Director (or other person) chosen by a majority of the Directors present;
  - (ii) the only Director present; or
  - (iii) a Voting Member chosen by a majority of the Voting Members present.

### **15.6 Conduct of General Meetings**

- (a) The Chair of a General Meeting:
  - (i) has charge of the general conduct of the meeting and of the procedures to be adopted;
  - (ii) may require the adoption of any procedure which in his or her opinion is necessary or desirable for proper and orderly debate or discussion or the proper and orderly casting or recording of votes; and
  - (iii) may, having regard where necessary to the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth), terminate discussion or debate on any matter whenever he or she consider it necessary or desirable for the proper conduct of the

meeting.

- (b) A decision by the Chair under this **clause 15.6** is final.
- (c) The Directors, including the Chair shall have the right to attend and speak, but have no right to vote at General Meetings.

### **15.7 Adjournment of General Meeting**

- (a) The Chair may with the consent of any General Meeting at which a quorum is present, and must if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting or any business, motion, question, resolution, debate or discussion being considered or remaining to be considered by the meeting.
- (b) The adjournment may be either to a later time at the same meeting or to an adjourned meeting at any time and place agreed by vote of the members present.
- (c) Only unfinished business is to be transacted at a meeting resumed after an adjournment.

### **15.8 Notice of adjourned meeting**

- (a) It is not necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at any adjourned meeting unless a meeting is adjourned for 30 days or more.
- (b) In that case, at least the same period of notice as was originally required for the meeting must be given for the adjourned meeting.

### **15.9 Questions decided by majority**

Subject to the requirements of the Act (if any) and except in the case of a Special Resolution, a resolution is carried if a simple majority of the votes cast on the resolution are in favour of it.

### **15.10 Equality of votes**

Where an equal number of votes are cast in favour of and against the resolution, the resolution is not carried. For the avoidance of doubt the Chair does not have a casting vote where voting is equal.

### **15.11 Declaration of results**

- (a) At any General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting must be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is properly demanded and the demand is not withdrawn.
- (b) A declaration by the Chair that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meetings of the Association, is conclusive evidence of the fact.
- (c) Neither the Chair nor the minutes need state, and it is not necessary to prove, the number or proportion of the votes recorded for or against the

resolution.

#### **15.12 Poll**

- (a) If a poll is properly demanded in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) or by the Chair of the meeting, it must be taken in the manner and at the date and time directed by the Chair, and the result of the poll is the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. On a poll each Voting Member will have the number of votes fixed under **clause 16**.
- (b) A poll demanded on the election of a Chair or on a question of adjournment must be taken immediately.
- (c) A demand for a poll may be withdrawn.
- (d) A demand for a poll does not prevent the General Meeting continuing for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded.

#### **15.13 Objection to voting qualification**

- (a) An objection to the right of a Member to attend or vote at a General Meeting (including an adjourned meeting):
  - (i) may not be raised except at that meeting; and
  - (ii) must be referred to the Chair, whose decision is final.
- (b) A vote not disallowed under the objection is valid for all purposes.

#### **15.14 Chair to determine any poll dispute**

If there is a dispute about the admission or rejection of a vote, the Chair must decide it and the Chair's decision made in good faith is final.

#### **15.15 Minutes**

- (a) The Board must ensure that minutes are taken and kept of each General Meeting.
- (b) The minutes must record:
  - (i) the business considered at the meeting;
  - (ii) any resolution on which a vote is taken and the result of the vote; and
  - (iii) the names of persons present at all meetings.
- (c) In addition, the minutes of each Annual General Meeting must include:
  - (i) the financial statements submitted to the Members in accordance with the Act; and
  - (ii) any audited accounts and auditor's report or report of a review accompanying the financial statements that are required under the Act.

### **16. VOTES OF MEMBERS**

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- ~~(a) At a General Meeting, on a show of hands and on a poll, each Voting Member~~

shall have one vote.

- (b) No Members other than Voting Members are entitled to vote at General Meetings.

## **17. DIRECTORS**

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### **17.1 Composition of the Board**

The Board shall consist of:

- (a) 6 Elected Directors all of whom will be elected under **clause 18.3**; and
- (b) up to 3 additional Appointed Directors who shall be appointed in accordance with **clause 19**.

### **17.2 Qualifications**

The Board may determine from time to time job descriptions and qualifications for Directors.

### **17.3 First Elected Directors**

- (a) From the date this Constitution is adopted, the First Elected Directors (as defined in clause 34) will be the Directors.
- (b) Subject to this Constitution:
  - (i) At the first AGM of the Association, all six First Elected Directors will retire from office. The retiring First Elected Directors will, subject to the requirements of this Constitution, be eligible to nominate for re-election.

### **17.4 Transitional Arrangements**

- (a) Notwithstanding any other clause of this Constitution, the transitional arrangements set out at **clause 34** shall apply from the date of adoption of this Constitution.

### **17.5 Remuneration of Directors**

A Director must not be paid for services as a Director but, with the approval of the Directors and subject to the Act, may be:

- (a) where approved by resolution of the General Meeting, paid by the Association for services rendered to it other than as a Director; and
- (b) reimbursed by the Association for their reasonable travelling, accommodation and other expenses when:
  - (i) travelling to or from meetings of the Directors, a Committee or the Association; or
  - (ii) otherwise engaged on the affairs of the Association.

## **18. ELECTED DIRECTORS**

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### **18.1 Nomination for Board**

Nominations for Elected Directors shall be called for by the Board at least 45 days prior to the General Meeting at which the election is to be held (usually the AGM).

### **18.2 Form of Nomination**

Nominations must be:

- (a) in writing on the prescribed form (if any);
- (b) signed by an authorised representative of a Voting Member; and
- (c) certified by the nominee expressing their willingness to accept the position for which they are nominated;

### **18.3 Elections**

- (a) If the number of nominations received for positions on the Board is equal to the number of vacancies to be filled or if there are insufficient nominations received to fill all vacancies on the Board, then those nominated shall only be declared elected, if they are elected by a simple majority of members. If after the poll, a simple majority has not been achieved, the positions will be deemed casual vacancies under **clause 20.1**.
- (b) If there are insufficient nominations received to fill all vacancies on the Board, the positions will be deemed casual vacancies under **clause 20.1**.
- (c) If the number of nominations exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled, voting shall be secret ballot of Voting Members present, and will follow the principles of proportional representation.
- (d) The election of Elected Directors shall be conducted by such means as prescribed by the Board from time to time (including but not limited to the use of online voting). Elections for Elected Directors are to be held, either;
  - (i) at a General Meeting; or
  - (ii) if the Board prescribes online voting, within 21 days prior to a General Meeting with the results of such elections for Elected Directors tabled at the Meeting following the relevant election.

### **18.4 Term of Appointment**

- (a) Subject to this Constitution, and in particular **clause 17.4**, Elected Directors shall be elected in accordance with this Constitution for a term of **two years**, which shall commence from the conclusion of the General Meeting at which the election occurred until the conclusion of the second Annual General Meeting following.
- (b) Over each two-year period, three Elected Directors shall be elected in the first year and three Elected Directors shall be elected in the second year.
- (c) Following the adoption of this Constitution, no person who has served as a Director, whether as an Elected or Appointed Director, for a period of 3 consecutive full terms (6 years) shall be eligible for re-election or



reappointment as a Director for at least 1 year following the date of conclusion of their last term as a Director. Any period served as a Director, whether Elected or Appointed prior to the adoption of this Constitution is disregarded for the purposes of this **clause 18.4(c)**.

## **19. APPOINTED DIRECTORS**

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### **19.1 Appointment of Appointed Director**

The Elected Directors may appoint up to 3 Appointed Directors in accordance with this Constitution.

### **19.2 Qualifications for Appointed Directors**

- (a) Appointed Directors should have skills that complement and/or supplement any skills gaps that may exist in the Board, with the aim of ensuring that the Board has all the necessary skills to govern the organisation.
- (b) Appointed Directors will be nominated by WA Cricket with the Elected Directors having the right to approve or reject the nominations received.

### **19.3 First Appointed Directors**

From the date this Constitution is adopted, the First Appointed Directors will be the Directors as described in **clause 34(b)**.

### **19.4 Term of Appointment**

- (a) Directors appointed under **clause 19.1** may be appointed by the Elected Directors in accordance with this Constitution for a term of up to 2 years, which shall commence and conclude on dates as determined by the Elected Directors.
- (b) Following the adoption of this Constitution, no person who has served as an Appointed Director for a period of up to 3 consecutive full terms (6 years) shall be eligible for re-appointment or re-election as an Appointed or Elected Director for at least 1 year following the date of conclusion of their last term as a Director. Any period served as a Director, whether Elected or Appointed prior to the adoption of this Constitution is disregarded for the purposes of this **clause 19.4(b)**.

## **20. VACANCIES ON THE BOARD**

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### **20.1 Casual Vacancies**

- (a) Any casual vacancy that occurs in the position of an Elected Director may be filled by the remaining Elected Directors from among appropriately qualified persons.
- (b) Any casual vacancy may only be filled for the remainder of the vacating Director's term under this Constitution.
- (c) Any period served under this **clause 20.1** counts as a full term for the purposes of **clauses 18.4(c) and 19.4(b)**.

## **20.2 Grounds for Termination of Director**

In addition to the circumstances in which the office of a Director becomes vacant by virtue of the Act, the office of a Director becomes vacant if the Director:

- (a) dies;
- (b) becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with their creditors generally;
- (c) becomes of unsound mind or a person whose person or estate is liable to be dealt with in any way under the law relating to mental health;
- (d) resigns their office in writing to the Association;
- (e) is absent without the consent of the Board from meetings of the Board held during a period of 3 months;
- (f) is an employee of WA Cricket.
- (g) is directly or indirectly interested in any contract or proposed contract with the Association and fails to declare the nature of their interest;
- (h) after reasonable consideration by the Board it determines the Director:
  - (i) has acted in a manner unbecoming or prejudicial to the Objects and/or interests of the Association and/or WA Cricket; or
  - (ii) has brought himself or herself, the Association or WA Cricket into disrepute,provided the Director is first given the opportunity to make written or oral submissions to the Board before a determination is made;
- (i) is removed by Special Resolution; or
- (j) would otherwise be prohibited from being a director of a corporation under the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth).

## **20.3 Board May Act**

In the event of a casual vacancy or vacancies in the office of a Director or Directors, the remaining Directors may act but, if the number of remaining Directors is not sufficient to constitute a quorum at a meeting of the Board, they may act only for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to a number sufficient to constitute such a quorum or to convene a General Meeting.

## **21. POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS**

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### **21.1 Directors to manage the Association**

The Directors are to manage the Association's business and may exercise those of the Association's powers that are not required, by the Act or by this Constitution, to be exercised by the Association in General Meeting.

### **21.2 Specific powers of Directors**

Without limiting **clause 21.1**, the Directors may exercise all the Association's powers to borrow or raise money, to charge any property or business or give any other security for a debt, liability or obligation of the Association or of any other person.

### **21.3 Time**

Subject to the Act, where this Constitution requires that something be done by a particular time, or within a particular period, or that an event is to occur or a circumstance is to change on or by a particular date, the Directors may in their absolute discretion extend that time, period or date as they think fit.

### **21.4 Code of Conduct**

The Directors must:

- (a) adopt a code of conduct for Directors; and
- (b) periodically review the code of conduct in light of the general principles of good corporate governance.

### **21.5 Delegate of Association**

- (a) The Board shall appoint a delegate to attend meetings and events on the Association's behalf from time to time.
- (b) The Association's delegate must be:
  - (i) A current Association Director;
  - (ii) be empowered by the Board to make decisions at meetings on the Association's behalf.

## **22. PROCEEDINGS AT DIRECTORS MEETINGS**

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### **22.1 Directors' meetings**

- (a) Subject to **clause 22.1(b)**, the Directors may meet together for conducting business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit.
- (b) The Directors must meet at least 5 times in each calendar year.
- (c) WA Cricket will appoint a WA Cricket employee to provide administrative support for the Association. This is an ex officio role of the Association and is not entitled to vote.
- (d) The WA Cricket Chief Executive Officer or their nominee will have a standing invitation to attend meetings of the Association. For the avoidance of doubt, the WA Cricket Chief Executive Officer or their nominee is not a Director and is not entitled to vote.

### **22.2 Questions decided by majority**

A question arising at a Directors' meeting is to be decided by a majority of votes of

the Directors present in person and entitled to vote. Each Director present has 1 vote on a matter arising for decision by Directors.

### 22.3 Chair's casting vote

The Chair of the meeting will not have a casting vote.

### 22.4 Quorum

For a Director's meeting a quorum is represented by 50% plus 1 of the combined total of elected and appointed Directors.

### 22.5 Convening meetings

- (a) A Director may convene a Board meeting.
- (b) Unless all Directors agree to hold a meeting at shorter notice (which agreement shall be sufficiently evidenced in writing or by their presence) not less than two days written notice of a Board meeting shall be given to each Director.
- (c) Written notice of each Board meeting, specifying the general nature of the time, date and place of the Board meeting and the business to be transacted, shall be served on each Director by:
  - (i) delivering it to that Director personally; or
  - (ii) sending it in writing, by facsimile or other means of electronic communication (subject to receiving appropriate confirmation that the notice has been effectively dispatched),

in accordance with the Director's last notified contact details.

- (d) Notice may be given of more than one Board meeting at the same time.

### 22.6 Election of Chair

- (a) The Directors must at the first Board meeting after the AGM annually elect by majority vote one of their number to the office of Chair of Directors.
- (b) The Director elected to the office of Chair of Directors under **clause 22.6(a)** will remain Chair for 1 year from the date of their election until the first Board meeting after the next AGM and shall chair any Board meeting.
- (c) A Director elected as Chair may be re-elected as Chair in following years, so long as he or she remains a Director.
- (d) Despite **clause 22.6(b)**, if:
  - (i) there is no person elected as Chair; or
  - (ii) the Chair is not present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting; or
  - (iii) the Chair is unwilling to act,

the Directors present may elect one of their number to be chair of the meeting.

## **22.7 Circulating resolutions**

- (a) The Directors may pass a resolution without a Board meeting being held if the required majority of the Directors who are entitled to vote on the resolution sign a document containing a statement that they are in favour of the resolution set out in the document. An email or other electronic transmission produced under the name of a Director with the Director's authority is taken to be a document signed by the Director for the purposes of this clause and is taken to be signed when received by the Association in legible form.
- (b) Separate copies of the document may be used for signing by the Directors if the wording of the resolution and statement is identical in each copy.
- (c) The resolution is passed when the last Director required to achieve the required majority signs.

## **22.8 Validity of acts of Directors**

Everything done at a Board meeting or a Committee meeting, or by a person acting as a Director, is valid even if it is discovered later that there was some defect in the appointment, election or qualification of any of them or that any of them was disqualified or had vacated office.

## **22.9 Directors' interests**

- (a) A Director shall declare to the Board that Director's interest in any matter in which any material personal interest or related party transaction arises as defined by the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth); and that Director must absent himself or herself from discussion of such matter and shall not be entitled to vote in respect of such matter.
- (b) In the event of any uncertainty in this regard, the issue shall immediately be determined by a vote of the Directors or, if this is not possible, the matter shall be adjourned or deferred to the next meeting.
- (c) The Board shall maintain a register of declared interests.

## **22.10 Minutes**

- (a) The Directors must cause minutes of meetings to be made and kept according to the Act and the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth).
- (b) The minutes of Directors meetings shall not be available for inspection or copying by the Members.

## **23. TELECOMMUNICATION MEETINGS OF THE ASSOCIATION**

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### **23.1 Telecommunication meeting**

- (a) A General Meeting or a Board meeting may be held by means of a telecommunication meeting, provided that:
  - (i) the number of Members or Directors (as applicable) participating is not less than a quorum required for a General Meeting or Board meeting (as applicable); and

- (ii) the meeting is convened and held in accordance with the Act.
- (b) All provisions of this Constitution relating to a meeting apply to a telecommunication meeting in so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of this **clause 23**.

### **23.2 Conduct of telecommunication meeting**

The following provisions apply to a telecommunication meeting of the Association:

- (a) all persons participating in the meeting must be linked by telephone, audio-visual or other instantaneous means for the purpose of the meeting;
- (b) each of the persons taking part in the meeting must be able to hear and be heard by each of the other persons taking part at the commencement of the meeting and each person so taking part is deemed for the purposes of this Constitution to be present at the meeting;
- (c) at the commencement of the meeting each person must announce his or her presence to all other persons taking part in the meeting;
- (d) a person may not leave a telecommunication meeting by disconnecting his or her telephone, audio-visual or other communication equipment unless that person has previously notified the chair;
- (e) a person may conclusively be presumed to have been present and to have formed part of a quorum at all times during a telecommunication meeting unless that person has previously notified the chair of leaving the meeting; and
- (f) a minute of proceedings of a telecommunication meeting is sufficient evidence of the proceedings and of the observance of all necessary formalities if the minute is certified to be a correct minute by the chair.

## **24. COMMITTEES**

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### **24.1 Committees**

The Directors may by written instrument delegate any of their powers to Committees consisting of such persons they think fit (including Directors, individuals and consultants), and may vary or revoke any delegation.

### **24.2 Powers delegated to Committees**

- (a) A Committee must exercise the powers delegated to it according to the terms of the delegation and any directions of the Directors. A Committee is responsible to and reports to the Board.
- (b) Powers delegated to and exercised by a Committee are taken to have been exercised by the Directors.

### **24.3 Committee meetings**

Committee meetings are governed by the provisions of this Constitution dealing with Board meetings, as far as they are capable of application.

## **25. POLICIES**

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### 25.1 Making and amending Policies

- (a) The Directors may from time to time make policies:
  - (i) That are required to be made under this Constitution; and
  - (ii) which in their opinion are necessary or desirable for the control, administration and management of the Association's affairs and Cricket in the Perth metropolitan and Peel region and may amend, repeal and replace those policies.
- (b) Policies referred to in this clause 25.1 take effect 7 Clear Days after the service of the Policy on the Member and shall be of force and effect on that date.

### 25.2 Effect of Policies

A Policy:

- (a) is subject to this Constitution;
- (b) must be consistent with this Constitution; and
- (c) when in force, is binding on all Members and has the same effect as a provision in this Constitution.

## 26. KEEPING AND INSPECTION OF RECORDS

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### 26.1 Records

- (a) The Board shall establish and maintain proper records and minutes concerning all transactions, business, meetings and dealings of the Association and the Board and shall produce these as appropriate at each Board meeting or General Meeting.
- (b) The Directors will cause the Association records to be kept for a period of 7 years from their creation.

### 26.2 Inspection of Records

- (a) Members may on request inspect free of charge:
  - (i) the minutes of general meetings; and
  - (ii) subject to **clause 26.2(b)**, the financial records, books, securities, this Constitution and any other relevant document of the Association.
- (b) The Board may refuse to permit a member to inspect records of the Association that relate to confidential, personal, employment, commercial or legal matters or where to do so may be prejudicial to the interests of the Association.
- (c) The Board must make copies of these rules available to Members and applicants for membership free of charge.
- (d) Subject to **clause 26.2(b)**, a Member may make a copy of any of the other records of the Association referred to in this clause and the Association may charge a reasonable fee for provision of a copy of such a record.

- (e) For the purposes of this clause:

**relevant documents** mean the records and other documents, however compiled, recorded or stored, that relate to the incorporation and management of the Association and includes the following:

- (i) its financial statements;
- (ii) its financial records;
- (iii) this Constitution; and
- (iv) records and documents relating to transactions, dealings, business or property of the Association.



## **27. ACCOUNTS**

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### **27.1 Records Kept in Accordance with Act**

Books, documents, securities and proper accounting and other records shall be kept in accordance with the Act, generally accepted accounting principles and/or any applicable code of conduct. All such records and the books of account shall be kept in the care and control of the Board.

### **27.2 Board to Submit Accounts**

The Board shall submit to the Annual General Meeting the accounts of the Association in accordance with the Act and will distribute copies of financial statements as required by the Act.

### **27.3 Transactions**

All cheques, promissory notes, bankers drafts, bills of exchange, other negotiable instruments, electronic transactions, and all receipts for money paid to the Association, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Directors determine from time to time.

### **27.4 Auditor**

- (a) The Directors shall cause the accounts of the Association to be annually audited or reviewed in accordance with the Act.
- (b) Members may remove an auditor from office by resolution made at a General Meeting in accordance with the Act.

## **28. SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS**

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### **28.1 Document includes notice**

In this **clause 28**, document includes a notice.

### **28.2 Methods of service on a Member**

The Association may give a document to a Member:

- (a) personally;
- (b) by sending it by post to the address for the Member in the Register or an alternative address nominated by the Member; or
- (c) by sending it to an electronic address or form of contact nominated by the Member.

### **28.3 Methods of service on the Association**

A Member may give a document to the Association:

- (a) by delivering it to the Association's registered office;
- (b) by sending it by post to the Association's registered office; or
- (c) by sending it to an electronic address nominated by the Association.

#### **28.4 Post**

A document sent by post:

- (a) if sent to an address in Australia, may be sent by ordinary post; and
- (b) if sent to an address outside Australia, or sent from an address outside Australia, must be sent by airmail,

and in either case is taken to have been received on the fifth business day after the date of its posting.

#### **28.5 Electronic transmission**

If a document is sent by any form of electronic transmission, delivery of the document is taken to:

- (a) be effected by properly addressing and transmitting the electronic transmission; and
- (b) have been delivered on the business day of its transmission.

### **29. INDEMNITY**

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- (a) Every Director, officer, auditor and employee of the Association shall be indemnified out of the property or assets of the Association against any liability incurred by him/her in his/her capacity as Director, officer, auditor or employee in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his or her favour or in which he or she is acquitted or in connection with any application in relation to any such proceedings in which relief is, under the Act, granted to him or her by the Court.
- (b) The Association shall indemnify its Directors, officers, auditors and employees against all damages and costs (including legal costs) for which any such Directors, officer, auditor or employee may be or become liable to any thirdparty in consequence of any act or omission except wilful misconduct:
  - (i) in the case of a Director or officer, performed or made whilst acting on behalf of and with the authority, express or implied of the Association; and
  - (ii) in the case of an employee, performed or made in the course of, and within the scope of his or her employment by the Association.

### **30. WINDING UP**

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#### **30.1 Contributions of Members on winding up**

- (a) Each Voting Member must contribute to the Association's property if the Association is wound up while they are a Member or within one year after their membership ceases.
- (b) The contribution is for:
  - (i) payment of the Association's debts and liabilities contracted before their membership ceased;

- (ii) the costs of winding up; and
  - (iii) adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves, and the amount is not to exceed \$1.00.
- (c) No other Member must contribute to the Association's property if the Association is wound up.

### **30.2 Excess property on winding up**

- (a) Subject to the Act, if on the winding up or dissolution of the Association, and after satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, any property remains, that property must be given or transferred to another body or bodies:
- (i) having objects similar to those of the Association; and
  - (ii) whose Constitution prohibits (or each of whose constitutions prohibit) the distribution of its or their income and property among its or their members to an extent at least as great as is imposed under this Constitution.
- (b) That body is, or those bodies are, to be determined by the Voting Members at or before the time of dissolution or, failing that determination, by a judge who has or acquires jurisdiction in the matter.

### **31. COMMON SEAL**

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- (a) If the Association has a common seal it shall:
- (i) be kept in the custody of the Board; and
  - (ii) not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of the Board and the affixing of the common seal shall be attested by the signatures of 2 Directors.
- (b) A Director may not sign a document to which the seal of the Association is fixed where the Director is interested in the contract or arrangement to which the document relates.

### **32. SOURCE OF FUNDS**

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The funds of the Association may be derived from annual membership subscriptions, fees and levies payable by Members, donations, grants, sponsorships and such other sources as the Directors determine.

### **33. REGISTERED ADDRESS**

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The registered address of the Association is:

- (a) the address determined from time to time by resolution of the Board; or
- (b) if the Board has not determined an address to be the registered address, the postal address of the one of the Directors.

## **34. TRANSITIONAL ARRANGEMENTS**

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### **34.1 First Elected Directors**

- (a) The First Elected Directors will be the Directors at the time of registration of the Association.
  - (i) The Clubs within each of the Junior Cricket Association's, will elect one Director to be a First Elected Director prior to their dissolution.
  - (ii) In the event that the Clubs within a Junior Cricket Association do not approve the dissolution of their Junior Cricket Association, no First Elected Director will be elected for that Association and will be treated as a casual vacancy.
  - (iii) As set out in clause 17.3(b)(1), the six First Elected Directors will retire from their position at the first AGM of the Association.
  - (iv) At the first AGM of the Association, six Directors will be elected by the Voting Members. To ensure rotational terms:
    - (A) the three Directors with the highest number of votes shall retire at the second AGM after their election.
    - (B) The three Directors with the lowest number of votes will retire at the first AGM after their election.

### **34.2 First Appointed Directors**

- (a) The Elected Directors must at the first Board meeting following the registration of the Association, appoint the First Appointed Directors.
- (b) To ensure rotational terms:
  - (i) at least one Director must be appointed for a two year term.
  - (ii) at least one director must be appointed for a one year term.

### **34.3 First Chair**

- (a) At the first meeting of the Board following the registration of the Association, the Board will elect a Chair.